Seasonally Variable Controls of Freshwater Export through Denmark Strait

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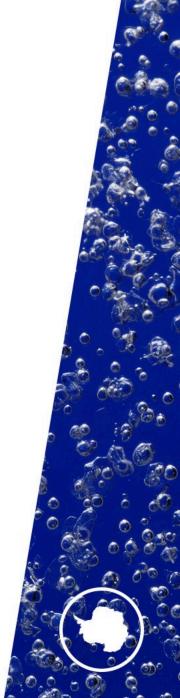
CAMAS Workshop April 2025







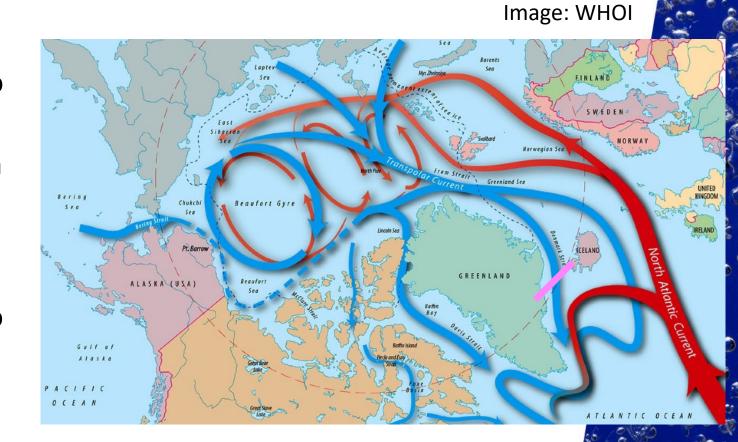




Background

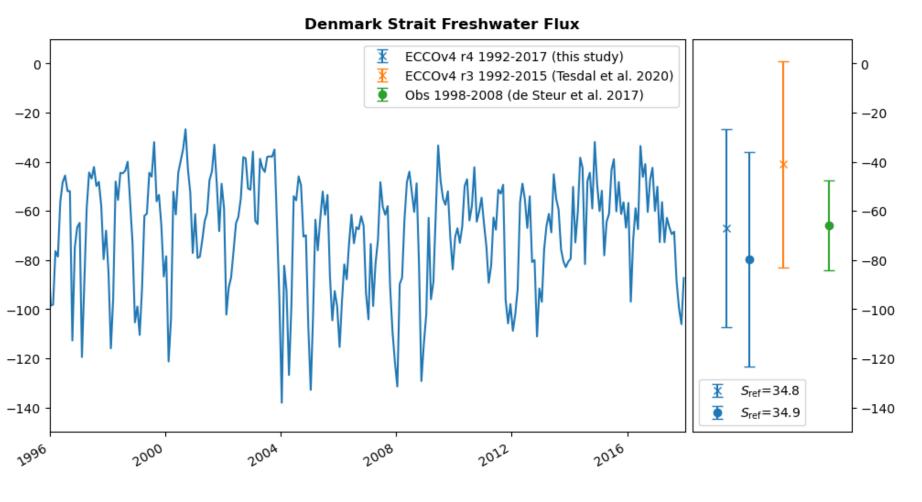
The Arctic is a region of large **freshwater** inputs and outputs:

- 11% of global rivers discharge into the Arctic Ocean
- Net precipitation and inflow from the Pacific bring more freshwater
- Freshwater is exported as sea-ice flows and via ocean pathways through the Canadian Archipelago and through Fram Strait into the Sub-Polar North Atlantic
- The Denmark Strait is one of the main export routes into the SPNA



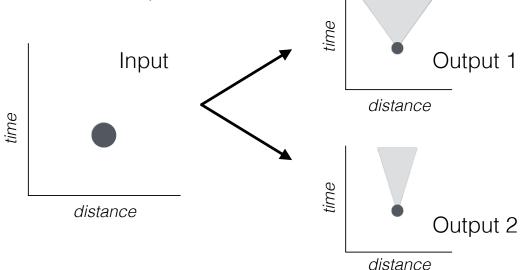
Background

Tool: ECCOv4 r4 state estimate (1992-2017), adjoint sensitivity experiments.

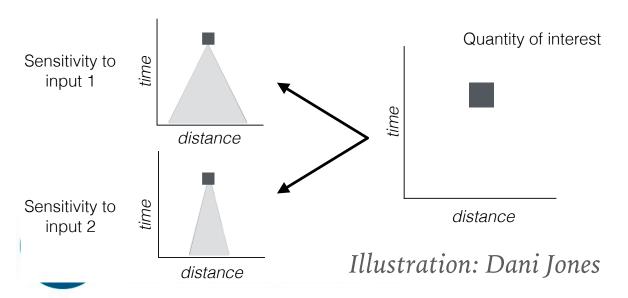




(a) Perturbation experiment



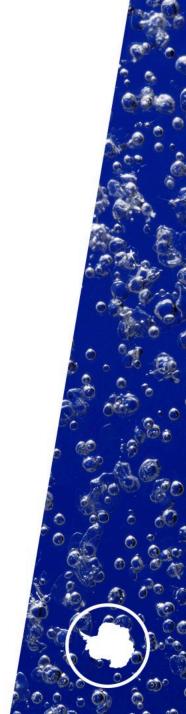
(b) Adjoint sensitivity experiment



Adjoint modelling

- Traditional approach: perturb surface forcings (heat flux, wind stress etc) and see how these impact quantity of interest (mode water properties).
- Adjoint approach: Run a (linear) model backwards to directly calculate tendencies.
- Produces maps of sensitivity at multiple lags for any state variable of interest.

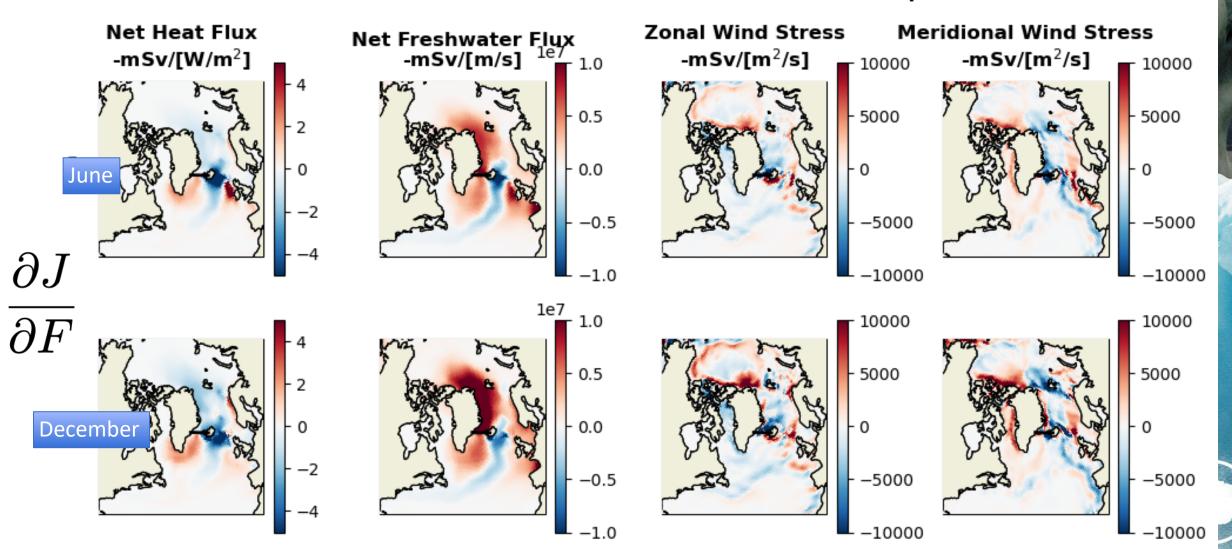




Adjoint sensitivities

$$J = \int_{z} \int_{m} \text{FWflux}$$

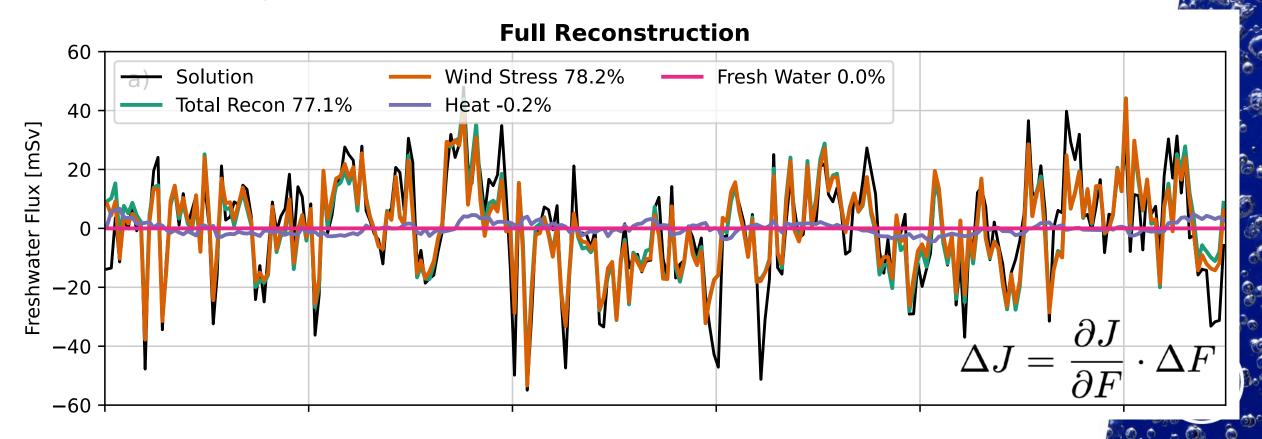
4 Year Mean Sensitivities of Denmark Strait FW transport



4 year Memory Reconstruction

Create reconstructions based on ensemble of 3 target years, using **4 years of memory**.

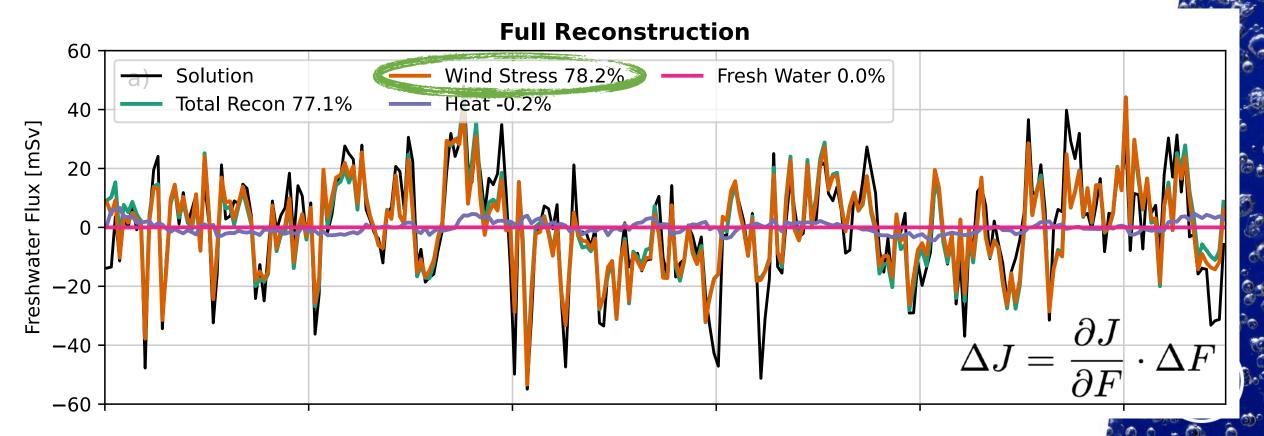
78% of variance in FW transport anomaly explained by reconstruction - almost entirely due to **wind stress**.



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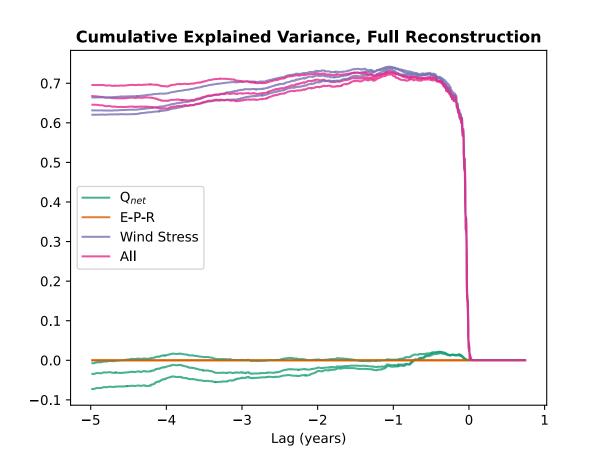


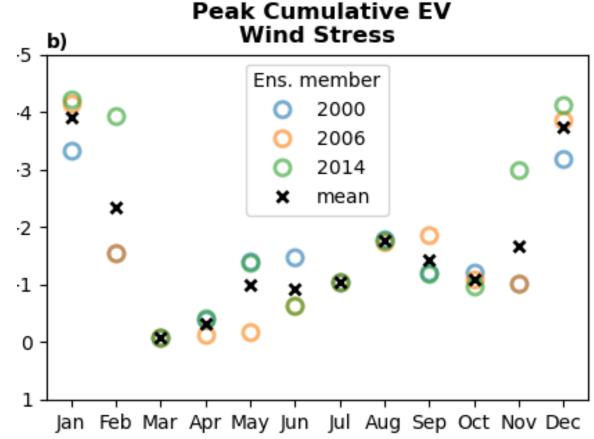
Peak Explained Variance

$$EV = 1 - \frac{var[Sol - Rec]}{var[Sol]}$$

We don't have to use full four years of sensitivities.

For each month, find the **optimal 'memory'** by finding the peak **explained variance**:

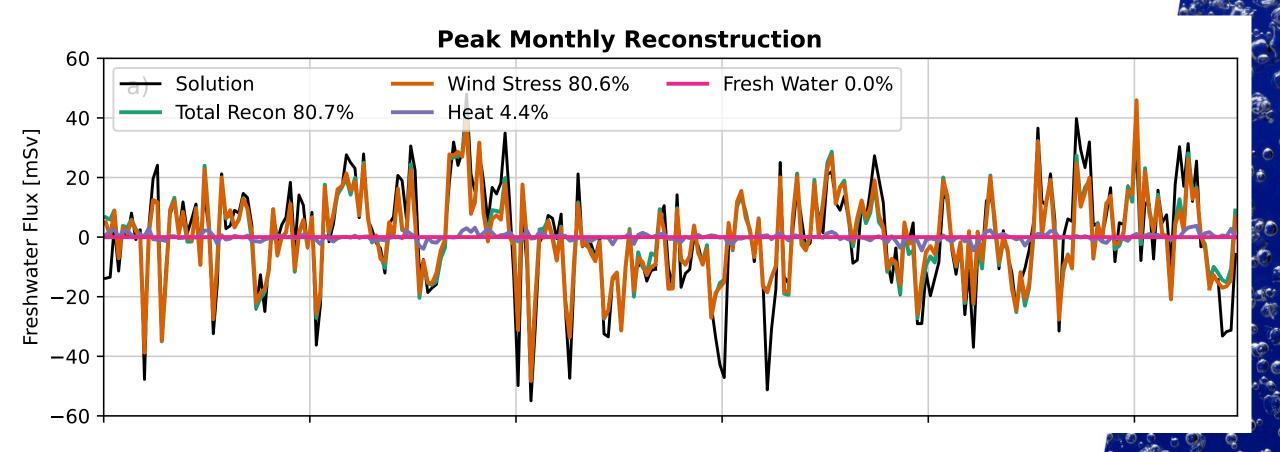




Optimal Memory Reconstruction

Using **optimal memory** (a few months — 4 years):

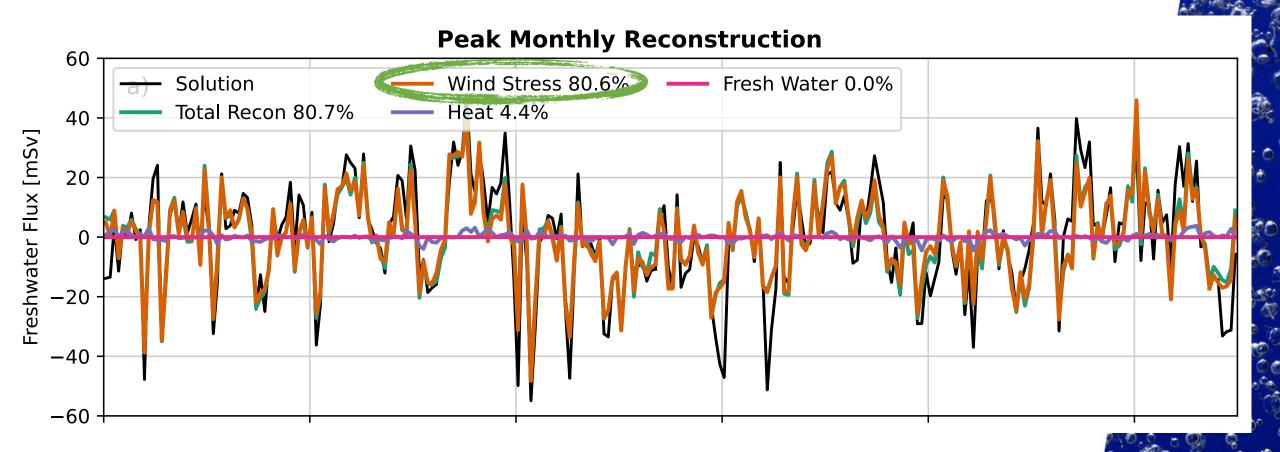
80% of the variance in FW flux anomalies can be reconstructed using **wind stress alone**



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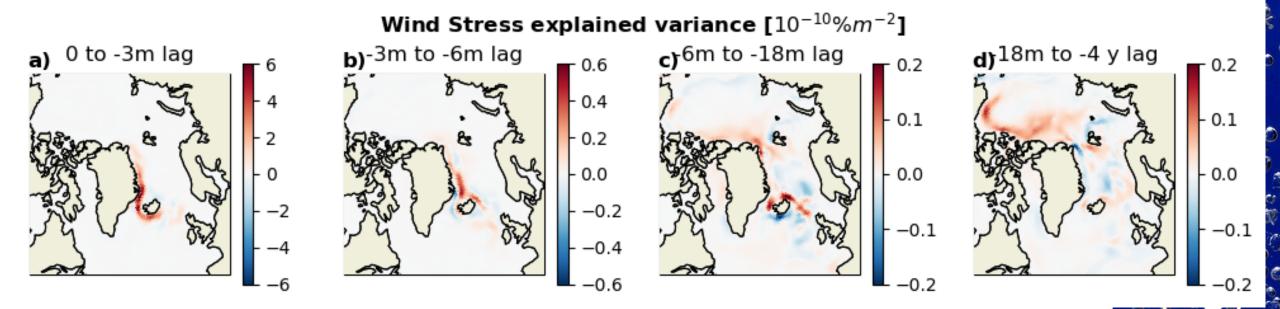
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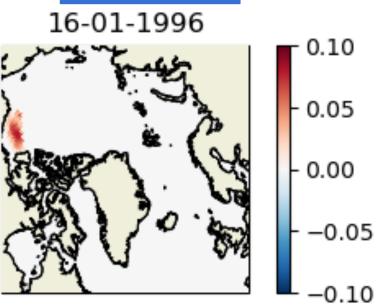
Location of explained variance

- First 3 months: Local wind variability explains most variance in Denmark Strait FW flux
- 18m 4 years: Arctic wind variability explains most variance (NB an order of magnitude less)



Perturbation experiment: Beaufort Gyre

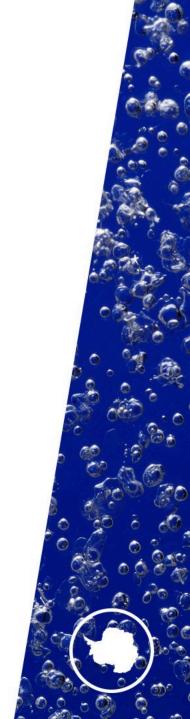
Zonal wind stress perturbation



- One month wind stress perturbation in Jan 1996
- Peak in southward volume and fw transports in February
- Decay marked by winter increases in fw transport?

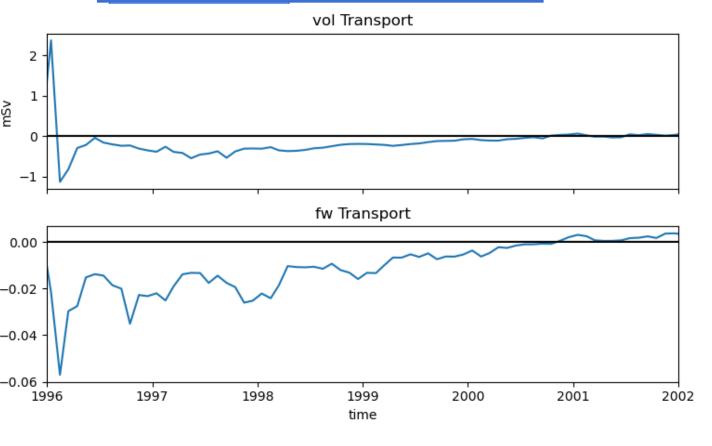






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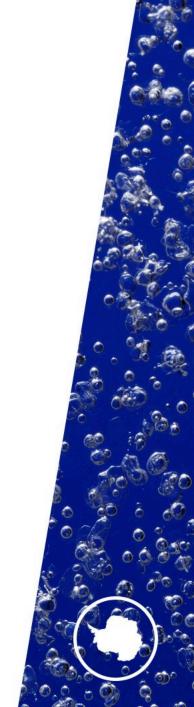
Linear Transport response at Denmark Strait



- One month wind stress perturbation in Jan 1996
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Conclusions

- **Successful reconstruction** of Denmark Strait Freshwater transport anomaly time series is possible (using only experiments from year 2000)
- Dominated by wind stress explaining up to 80% variability
- Seasonal variability in optimal 'memory': winter months have a longer memory, linking them with Arctic wind variance
- In progress: verifying results with
 - Direct perturbation experiments





